

**PART II: ARMENIA – HOUSEHOLD INCOME, EXPENDITURES,
AND BASIC FOOD CONSUMPTION**

Chapter 6: Household Income*, Expenditures, and Basic Food Consumption

This chapter presents the dynamics of household income, expenditures, and basic food consumption over the period of 2004-2015. The analysis is based on the Integrated Living Conditions Survey data. The diary on current expenditures, consumption, and income is the source of the data. All indicators of household living conditions, as presented in this chapter, are estimated on per capita basis.

6.1. Household Disposable Income

Household income is one of the key indicators to assess the living conditions of population. Gross household income comprises all components of monetary income, as well as certain components of non-monetary income such as own production food consumed (used) by the household, and non-food products and services received free of charge from relatives or third persons, all expressed in monetary terms.

Monetary household income includes the funds received by household members as remuneration for work (excluded income tax and other wage-deductible mandatory social contributions), funds received from self-employment or entrepreneurial activities, social transfers (pensions, monetary social assistance, including unemployment, family, childbirth and childcare, and other benefits), private transfers, property rental income, interests, dividends, equity gains, revenues from the sale of shares and other securities, real estate and household property, livestock, and own production food, as well as funds received as assistance from relatives and third persons, or other monetary income.

The amounts and structure of monetary per capita nominal income of households over the periods 2008-2009 and 2014-2015 are presented in Table 6.1.

Table 6.1 – Armenia: Types of Household Nominal Income, 2008-2009 and 2014-2015

Types of income	Average monthly per capita household income							
	AMD				Percent			
	2008	2009	2014	2015	2008	2009	2014	2015
1. Monetary income, including:	26866	28038	49 535	52 377	90.8	91.8	94.1	94.7
Hired employment	14491	15328	25 231	28 800	49.0	50.2	47.9	52.1
Self-employment	2385	1534	4 870	4 842	8.1	5.0	9.3	8.8
Sales of agricultural products and livestock	1771	1667	2 648	2 674	6.0	5.5	5.0	4.8
Income on property (rental income, interest, equity gain)	35	25	195	115	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2
Public pensions and benefits	4870	5615	8 308	9 284	16.5	18.4	15.8	16.7
Transfers, of which:	2692	2669	6 126	4 698	9.1	8.7	11.6	8.5
From relatives residing in Armenia	449	354	666	467	1.5	1.2	1.3	0.8
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	2243	2315	5 452	4 226	7.6	7.5	10.4	7.6
Other income	622	1200	2 157	1 964	2.0	3.9	4.1	3.6
2. Non-monetary income, including:	2710	2503	3 089	2 932	9.2	8.2	5.9	5.3
Consumption of own production food	2426	2230	2 804	2 660	8.2	7.3	5.3	4.8
Non-food products and services received free of charge	284	273	285	272	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.5
Total gross income	29576	30541	52 624	55 309	100	100	100	100

Source: ILCS 2008-2009 and 2014-2015

* Absolute indicators of household income are considered to be less reliable, since respondents often do not report or underreport their income (due to the propensity to non-disclosure of income), and certain types of income have a strongly demonstrated seasonal nature.

As shown in Table 6.1, over the period of 2008-2015 the share of monetary income increased and the share of non-monetary income decreased within the gross income.

The study of household income by urban and rural communities highlighted the importance of income from hired employment particularly for urban population, comprising 59.1% of their gross income in 2015 (Table 6.2). For rural households, income from hired employment comprising 37.6% of their gross income was 1.6 times smaller than that for urban households. As to the share of income from self-employment, over the period of 2008-2015 it decreased from 9.9% to 9.5% in urban communities and increased from 4.1% to 7.3% in rural communities. In comparison with 2008, the share of income of rural households from the sale of agricultural products and livestock decreased in 2015 (from 17.6% to 14.0%). The share of non-monetary income, particularly in the form of own production food, was incomparably larger for rural than for urban households, although this indicator demonstrated a decreasing trend since 2008. In 2015, the share of non-monetary income comprised 11.9% of the income of rural households and only 2.1% of that of urban households. Also, the share of private transfers decreased for urban households and insignificantly increased for rural households (for urban households – from 9.9% in 2008 to 8.7% in 2015, and for rural households – from 7.3% in 2008 to 7.9% in 2015).

Table 6.2 – Armenia: Sources of Household Nominal Income by Urban and Rural Communities, 2008 and 2015 (Average Monthly per Capita Income)

	Urban communities				Rural communities			
	AMD		Percent		AMD		Percent	
	2008	2015	2008	2015	2008	2015	2008	2015
1. Monetary income, including:	30174	58 607	96.8	97.9	20 754	42 103	78.0	88.1
Hired employment	18068	35 371	57.9	59.1	7 881	17 963	29.6	37.6
Self-employment	3084	5 675	9.9	9.5	1 092	3 468	4.1	7.3
Sales of agricultural products and livestock	201	233	0.6	0.4	4 670	6 698	17.6	14.0
Income on property (rental income, interest, equity gain)	49	181	0.2	0.3	10	7	0.0	0.0
Public pensions and benefits	5006	10 033	16.1	16.8	4 615	8 049	17.3	16.8
Transfers, <i>of which:</i>	3094	5 248	9.9	8.7	1 950	3 792	7.3	7.9
From relatives residing in Armenia	587	681	1.9	1.1	195	113	0.7	0.2
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	2507	4 557	8.0	7.6	1 755	3 679	6.6	7.7
Other income	672	1 866	2.2	3.1	536	2 126	2.1	4.5
2. Non-monetary income, including:	1010	1 261	3.2	2.1	5852	5 688	22.0	11.9
Consumption of own production food	686	908	2.2	1.5	5 642	5 550	21.2	11.6
Non-food products and services received free of charge	324	353	1.0	0.6	210	138	0.8	0.3
Total gross income	31184	59 867	100	100	26 606	47 791	100	100

Source: *ILCS 2008 and 2015*

Table 6.3 below presents the structure of monetary income by decile groups. The study of household monetary income depicts the distribution of income sources and its dynamics over time. Over 2004-2015, the difference between the poorest and the richest decile of the welfare distribution in terms of income from hired employment increased (from 98 times in 2004 to 101 times in 2015). The difference between the tenth and the first decile groups in terms of income from the sales of agricultural products decreased from 7.7 times in 2004 to 7.3 times in 2015, and that in terms of income from transfers also decreased from 57 times in 2004 to 31 times in 2015 (Table 6.3 and Graph 6.1).

Table 6.3 – Armenia: Dynamics of Household Nominal Monetary Income, by Decile Groups, 2004 and 2008-2015* (Average Monthly per Capita Income, AMD)

2004	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	2260	4395	6189	8017	9869	11903	14337	17882	23793	47061
Employment income	294	959	2029	3384	4929	6323	8105	11498	15944	28881
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	1032	1872	2175	2094	2357	2315	2190	2059	1921	1771
Income from sales of agricultural products	495	810	909	1282	1213	1683	1775	1867	2311	3823
Transfers, <i>of which:</i>	157	188	444	592	728	1000	1582	1857	2840	8933
From relatives residing in Armenia	72	83	153	193	162	335	332	314	542	1571
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	84	98	284	378	559	656	1229	1539	2273	7331
Other income	282	566	632	665	642	582	685	601	777	3653

2008	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	5236	10012	13483	16754	20150	23936	28035	33561	42934	76398
Employment income	682	3085	6298	8442	10553	13783	18467	22034	31085	55560
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	2550	4099	4334	4412	4951	5620	5356	6684	4656	6259
Income from sales of agricultural products	787	1663	1631	1959	2093	1597	1412	1491	1706	3474
Transfers, <i>of which:</i>	549	617	790	1368	2020	2138	2355	2884	4765	9662
From relatives residing in Armenia	162	135	141	198	319	504	388	462	752	1463
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	384	482	649	1171	1701	1634	1965	2421	4013	8198
Other income	668	548	431	572	533	797	445	468	722	1443

2009	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	5273	9877	13731	17660	21416	25337	30058	36482	45723	76508
Employment income	448	2465	5724	9460	11741	14966	19002	22770	30766	52328
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	2714	4741	4579	4537	5480	6800	6342	6344	7246	7692
Income from sales of agricultural products	765	878	1429	1213	1405	1387	953	2070	1734	4928
Transfers, <i>of which:</i>	315	489	1051	1133	1775	1442	2927	3614	4518	9584
From relatives residing in Armenia	98	118	243	249	315	173	421	311	568	1067
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	217	371	807	884	1457	1269	2506	3303	3951	8517
Other income	1031	1304	948	1317	1015	742	834	1684	1459	1976

2010	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	6489	11207	15440	19407	23166	27216	32225	39133	49671	91965
Employment income	748	2774	6178	10387	13460	15843	19319	25760	35951	59114
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	3380	4979	5281	5181	5264	6830	7617	7104	6250	7090
Income from sales of agricultural products	599	1145	1065	933	842	1186	979	1205	1439	2438
Transfers, <i>of which:</i>	390	714	1087	1465	2346	2080	3026	3998	5221	18963
From relatives residing in Armenia	136	207	220	205	369	202	578	871	833	1314
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	254	506	866	1260	1967	1874	2448	3127	4379	17649
Other income	1372	1595	1828	1441	1254	1276	1284	1066	810	4360

2011	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	6530	12242	16757	21181	25880	30582	36501	43972	55171	95095
Employment income	772	3678	7237	11181	14155	18480	22218	28220	37017	62731
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	3143	5104	5307	5954	6861	7965	7452	8148	6882	8575
Income from sales of agricultural products	1005	1287	1457	1363	1642	1182	1694	1815	2030	3928
Transfers, <i>of which:</i>	311	570	1185	1543	2123	2044	3960	4437	7541	17770
From relatives residing in Armenia	97	70	259	455	269	232	375	477	1382	1962
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	214	500	921	1077	1854	1812	3585	3959	6159	15808
Other income	1299	1603	1571	1140	1099	911	1177	1352	1701	2091

2012	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	7437	13676	18539	23340	28220	33446	39728	48241	60756	118748
Employment income	1075	4505	7600	11999	15363	18755	22465	32647	42900	78523
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	1083	1466	1925	2335	1905	1723	1661	1506	1686	7053
Income from sales of agricultural products	3953	5893	6419	6204	7891	9059	9656	7809	7462	7796
Transfers, <i>of which:</i>	228	646	1311	1756	1821	3085	4575	4930	7902	16148
From relatives residing in Armenia	57	84	161	177	200	459	573	818	901	1485
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	170	554	1150	1579	1621	2626	3991	4111	7001	14663
Other income	1098	1166	1284	1046	1240	824	1371	1349	806	9228

2013	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	8469	15400	20981	25847	30969	36169	42430	51041	64742	130642
Employment income	1190	6088	9455	13152	16782	20914	26026	32819	43957	84238
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	4214	5152	6490	6852	7727	9527	9084	8112	7956	10912
Income from sales of agricultural products	1031	1339	2443	2225	2409	1703	1534	2333	2336	7208
Transfers, <i>of which:</i>	454	1104	1193	2415	2117	2367	4234	5984	8483	19834
From relatives residing in Armenia	98	188	77	544	248	421	579	613	884	1980
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	355	912	1115	1870	1870	1942	3654	5371	7599	17854
Other income	1580	1717	1400	1203	1934	1658	1552	1793	2010	8450

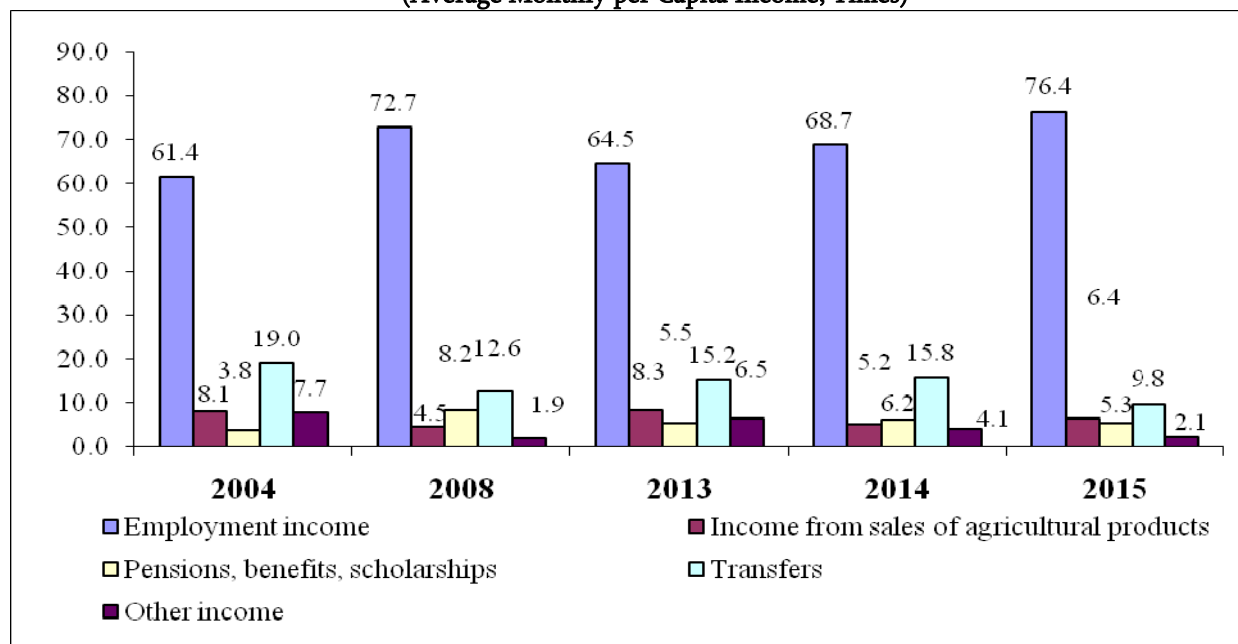
2014	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	9382	17253	23343	29414	34774	41080	48243	58685	76763	156509
Employment income	1810	6058	10126	15455	18873	22398	30304	36719	51889	107455
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	4620	6496	6595	7962	9496	10567	10457	10225	8518	8176
Income from sales of agricultural products	927	1523	2519	1928	1535	1624	1339	1609	3817	9652
Transfers, of which:	357	1358	2259	2181	3225	4616	4402	7724	10393	24748
From relatives residing in Armenia	47	131	156	398	470	616	790	640	1278	2137
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	310	1213	2103	1782	2738	3977	3593	7084	9099	22611
Other income	1668	1818	1844	1888	1645	1875	1741	2409	2146	6478

2015	Decile groups of monetary income									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Household monetary income; including	10299	19082	25414	31424	37664	43682	50708	60711	76501	168604
Employment income	1278	6743	12053	17175	22168	25230	30965	38818	53268	128878
Pensions, benefits, scholarships	4945	6853	7159	8080	10127	12671	11410	11079	9910	10720
Income from sales of agricultural products	1234	2447	2637	2031	1726	1334	1928	1958	2475	8980
Transfers, of which:	526	1097	1665	2395	1857	3114	3949	7227	8692	16476
From relatives residing in Armenia	86	255	217	515	219	60	337	918	963	1096
From relatives residing outside of Armenia	440	842	1427	1850	1637	3050	3612	6308	7729	15380
Other income	2316	1942	1900	1743	1786	1333	2456	1629	2156	3550

Source: *ILCS 2004, 2008-2015*

Note: *Excluding households, which did not report their income

Graph 6.1 – Armenia: Ratio of Household Monetary Income of the Tenth and the First Decile Groups, by Sources of Income, 2004, 2008 and 2013-2015*
(Average Monthly per Capita Income, Times)



Source: *ILCS 2004, 2008 and 2013-2015*

Note: * Excluding households, which did not report their income

State transfers are a key source of monetary income for households in the first decile group (48.0% in 2015), while the share of this source of income for households in the tenth decile group (6.4%) is very small (Table 6.4 and Graph 6.2). Over the period of 2004-2015, the share of state transfers grew for households of all decile groups except for the second, third and fourth ones.

The share of private transfers is the largest in the composition of monetary household income for the eighth decile group (11.9%) demonstrating an increase compared to 2004 (from 10.4%). In comparison with 2004, the share of this source of income increased in the composition of monetary household income for the second and fourth decile groups and decreased for all other decile groups. The said share for the first decile groups is around 2 times lower than that for the tenth decile group (5.1% and 9.8%, respectively). It should be mentioned that in 2015 the share of private transfers in the composition of monetary household income for the tenth decile group has decreased by around 2 times compared to 2004 (from 19% to 9.8%).

Table 6.4 – Armenia: Structure of Monetary Income, by Decile Groups, 2004, 2008-2015
(Average Monthly per Capita Income)

(percent)

Decile groups of monetary income	Years	Monetary income	Including						Other income
			Employment income	Pensions, benefits, scholarships	Income from sales of agricultural products	Transfers	Of which		
							From relatives residing in Armenia	From relatives residing outside of Armenia	
I	2004	100	13	45.7	21.9	6.9	3.2	3.7	12.5
	2008	100	13	48.7	15	10.5	3.1	7.3	12.8
	2009	100	8.5	51.5	14.5	6	1.9	4.1	19.6
	2010	100	11.5	52.2	9.2	6	2.1	3.9	21.1
	2011	100	11.8	48.1	15.4	4.8	1.5	3.3	19.9
	2012	100	14.5	53.2	14.6	3.1	0.8	2.3	14.6
	2013	100	14.0	49.7	12.2	5.4	1.2	4.2	18.7
	2014	100	19.3	49.2	9.9	3.8	0.5	3.3	17.8
	2015	100	12.4	48.0	12.0	5.1	0.8	4.3	22.5
II	2004	100	21.8	42.6	18.4	4.3	1.9	2.2	12.9
	2008	100	30.8	40.9	16.6	6.2	1.3	4.8	5.5
	2009	100	25	48	8.9	4.9	1.2	3.7	13.2
	2010	100	24.8	44.4	10.2	6.4	1.8	4.5	14.2
	2011	100	30	41.7	10.5	4.7	0.6	4.1	13.1
	2012	100	32.9	43.1	10.7	4.7	0.6	4.0	8.6
	2013	100	39.5	33.5	8.7	7.2	1.2	5.9	11.1
	2014	100	35.1	37.7	8.8	7.9	0.8	7.0	10.5
	2015	100	35.3	35.9	12.8	5.8	1.3	4.4	10.2
III	2004	100	32.8	35.1	14.7	7.2	2.5	4.6	10.2
	2008	100	46.7	32.1	12.1	5.9	1	4.8	3.2
	2009	100	41.7	33.3	10.4	7.7	1.8	5.9	6.9

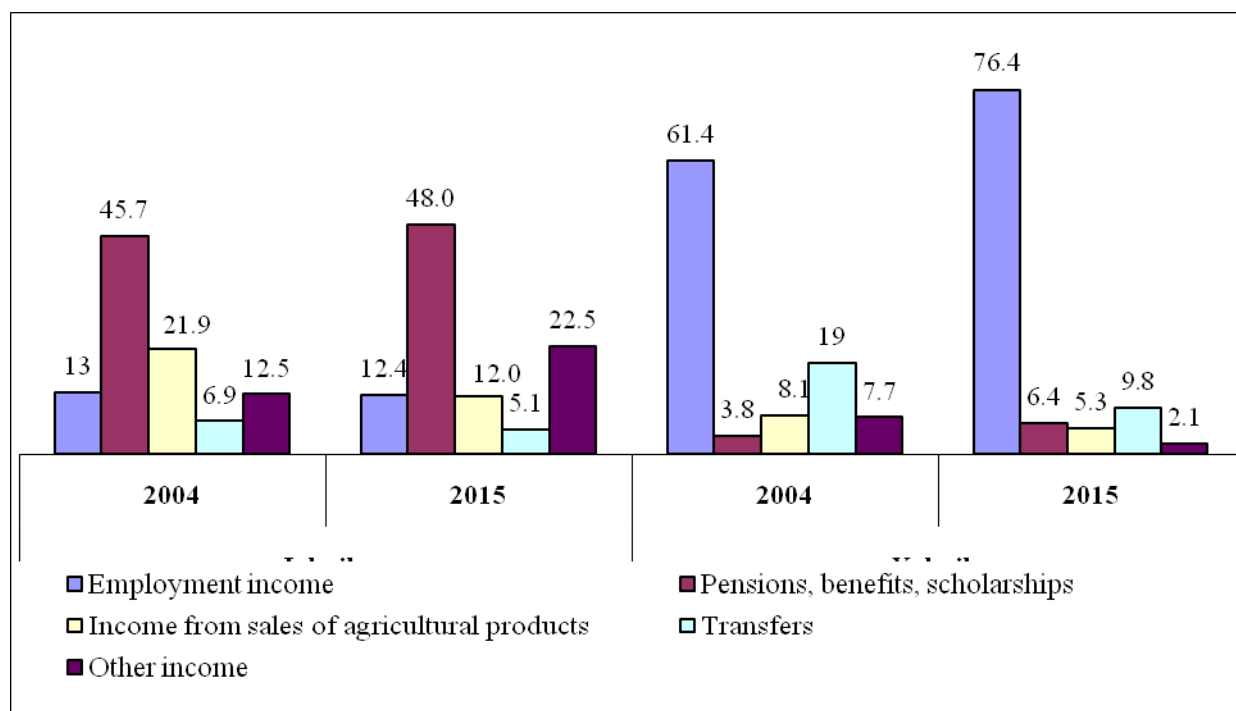
Decile groups of monetary income	Years	Monetary income	Including							Other income
			Employment income	Pensions, benefits, scholarships	Income from sales of agricultural products	Transfers	Of which			
							From relatives residing in Armenia	From relatives residing outside of Armenia		
	2010	100	40	34.2	6.9	7	1.4	5.6	11.8	
	2011	100	43.2	31.7	8.7	7.0	1.5	5.5	9.4	
	2012	100	41.0	34.6	10.4	7.1	0.9	6.2	6.9	
	2013	100	45.1	30.9	11.6	5.7	0.4	5.3	6.7	
	2014	100	43.4	28.2	10.8	9.7	0.7	9.0	7.9	
	2015	100	47.4	28.2	10.4	6.5	0.9	5.6	7.5	
IV	2004	100	42.2	26.1	16	7.4	2.4	4.7	8.3	
	2008	100	50.4	26.3	11.7	8.2	1.2	7	3.4	
	2009	100	53.6	25.7	6.9	6.4	1.4	5	7.5	
	2010	100	53.5	26.7	4.8	7.5	1.1	6.5	7.4	
	2011	100	52.8	28.1	6.4	7.3	2.1	5.2	5.4	
	2012	100	51.4	26.6	10.0	7.5	0.8	6.8	4.5	
	2013	100	50.9	26.5	8.6	9.3	2.1	7.2	4.7	
	2014	100	52.5	27.1	6.6	7.4	1.4	6.1	6.4	
2015	100	54.7	25.7	6.5	7.6	1.6	5.9	5.5		
V	2004	100	49.9	23.9	12.3	7.4	1.7	5.7	6.5	
	2008	100	52.4	24.6	10.4	10	1.6	8.4	2.6	
	2009	100	54.8	25.6	6.6	8.3	1.5	6.8	4.7	
	2010	100	58.1	22.7	3.6	10.1	1.6	8.5	5.4	
	2011	100	54.7	26.5	6.3	8.2	1.0	7.2	4.3	
	2012	100	54.4	28.0	6.8	6.5	0.7	5.7	4.3	
	2013	100	54.2	25.0	7.8	6.8	0.8	6.0	6.2	
	2014	100	54.3	27.3	4.4	9.3	1.4	7.9	4.7	
2015	100	58.9	26.9	4.6	4.9	0.6	4.3	4.7		
VI	2004	100	53.1	19.5	14.1	8.4	2.8	5.5	4.9	
	2008	100	57.6	23.5	6.7	8.9	2.1	6.8	3.3	
	2009	100	59.1	26.8	5.5	5.7	0.7	5	2.9	
	2010	100	58.2	25.1	4.4	7.6	0.7	6.9	4.7	
	2011	100	60.4	26	3.9	6.7	0.8	5.9	3	
	2012	100	56.1	27.1	5.2	9.2	1.4	7.9	2.4	
	2013	100	57.8	26.3	4.7	6.6	1.2	5.4	4.6	
	2014	100	54.5	25.7	4.0	11.2	1.5	9.7	4.6	
2015	100	57.7	29.0	3.1	7.1	0.1	7.0	3.1		
VII	2004	100	56.5	15.3	12.4	11	2.3	8.6	4.8	
	2008	100	65.9	19.1	5	8.4	1.4	7	1.6	
	2009	100	63.2	21.1	3.2	9.7	1.4	8.3	2.8	
	2010	100	60	23.6	3	9.4	1.8	7.6	4	
	2011	100	60.9	20.4	4.6	10.8	1	9.8	3.3	

Decile groups of monetary income	Years	Monetary income	Including						Other income
			Employment income	Pensions, benefits, scholarships	Income from sales of agricultural products	Transfers	Of which		
							From relatives residing in Armenia	From relatives residing outside of Armenia	
	2012	100	56.5	24.3	4.2	11.5	1.4	10.0	3.5
	2013	100	61.3	21.4	3.6	10.0	1.4	8.6	3.7
	2014	100	62.8	21.7	2.8	9.1	1.6	7.4	3.6
	2015	100	61.1	22.5	3.8	7.8	0.7	7.1	4.8
VIII	2004	100	64.3	11.5	10.4	10.4	1.8	8.6	3.4
	2008	100	65.7	19.9	4.4	8.6	1.4	7.2	1.4
	2009	100	62.4	17.4	5.7	9.9	0.9	9	4.6
	2010	100	65.8	18.2	3.1	10.2	2.2	8	2.7
	2011	100	64.2	18.5	4.1	10.1	1.1	9	3.1
	2012	100	67.7	16.2	3.1	10.2	1.7	8.5	2.8
	2013	100	64.3	15.9	4.6	11.7	1.2	10.5	3.5
	2014	100	62.6	17.4	2.7	13.2	1.1	12.1	4.1
2015	100	63.9	18.3	3.2	11.9	1.5	10.4	2.7	
IX	2004	100	67	8.1	9.7	11.9	2.3	9.6	3.3
	2008	100	72.4	10.8	4	11.1	1.8	9.3	1.7
	2009	100	67.3	15.8	3.8	9.9	1.2	8.6	3.2
	2010	100	72.4	12.6	2.9	10.5	1.7	8.8	1.6
	2011	100	67.1	12.5	3.7	13.7	2.5	11.2	3.0
	2012	100	70.6	12.3	2.8	13.0	1.5	11.5	1.3
	2013	100	67.9	12.3	3.6	13.1	1.4	11.7	3.1
	2014	100	67.6	11.1	5.0	13.5	1.7	11.9	2.8
2015	100	69.6	13.0	3.2	11.4	1.3	10.1	2.8	
X	2004	100	61.4	3.8	8.1	19	3.3	15.6	7.7
	2008	100	72.7	8.2	4.5	12.6	1.9	10.7	1.9
	2009	100	68.4	10.1	6.4	12.5	1.4	11.1	2.6
	2010	100	64.3	7.7	2.7	20.6	1.4	19.2	4.7
	2011	100	66	9	4.1	18.7	2.1	16.6	2.2
	2012	100	66.1	6.6	5.9	13.6	1.3	12.3	7.8
	2013	100	64.5	8.3	5.5	15.2	1.5	13.7	6.5
	2014	100	68.7	5.2	6.2	15.8	1.4	14.4	4.1
2015	100	76.4	6.4	5.3	9.8	0.7	9.1	2.1	

Source: *ILCS 2004-2015*

Graph 6.2 – Armenia: Structure of Monetary Income for Households of the First and the Tenth Decile Groups, 2004 and 2015 (Average Monthly per Capita Income)

(percent)



Source: ILCS 2004 and 2015

6.2. Household Expenditure

Gross household consumption expenditures are another indicator of household material and monetary welfare. Gross household consumption expenditures comprise monetary and non-monetary consumption expenditures expressed in monetary terms, such as own production food consumed (used) by the household, and non-food products and services received free of charge from relatives or third persons.

Gross household consumption expenditures include the payments made by households within the reporting period to acquire food products (including the expenses on food consumed away from home, own production food consumed (used) by the household and food received free of charge from relatives or third persons, all expressed in monetary terms) and non-food products (including expenses on durable goods) and services, as well as non-food products and services received free of charge from relatives or third persons, all expressed in monetary terms.

Household consumption expenditures do not include taxes, collections, debt repayments, alimony payments, assistance to relatives, penalties, loan repayments and other non-consumption

expenditures, accumulations, as well as expenses related to production activities of households (acquisition of seeds, livestock, raw materials).

Although the National Statistical Service has switched from the “Republic of Armenia Types of Economic Activity” (NACE) classifier to the “Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose” (COICOP) classifier since 2012, this report presents data on consumption expenditures both by NACE and COICOP classifiers. Particularly, household consumption expenditures are presented by NACE classifier in sub-section 6.2.1 (to provide for the consistency of time series) and by COICOP classifier under sub-section 6.2.2.

6.2.1. Household Consumption Expenditures by NACE Classifier

Consumption expenditures of households by NACE classifier include:

Food products

- Meat and meat products
- Milk and milk products
- Eggs
- Fish and fish products
- Sugar and confectionary
- Butter and vegetable oils
- Potato
- Vegetable crops
- Fruits, berries, nuts, and grape
- Bread and bakery goods
- Other food
- Food consumed away from home

Alcoholic beverages

Tobacco

Non-food products

- Clothing, textile, footwear
- Furniture, carpets, home appliances
- Hygiene items and medicaments
- Means of transportation, spare parts and fuel
- Other non-food products

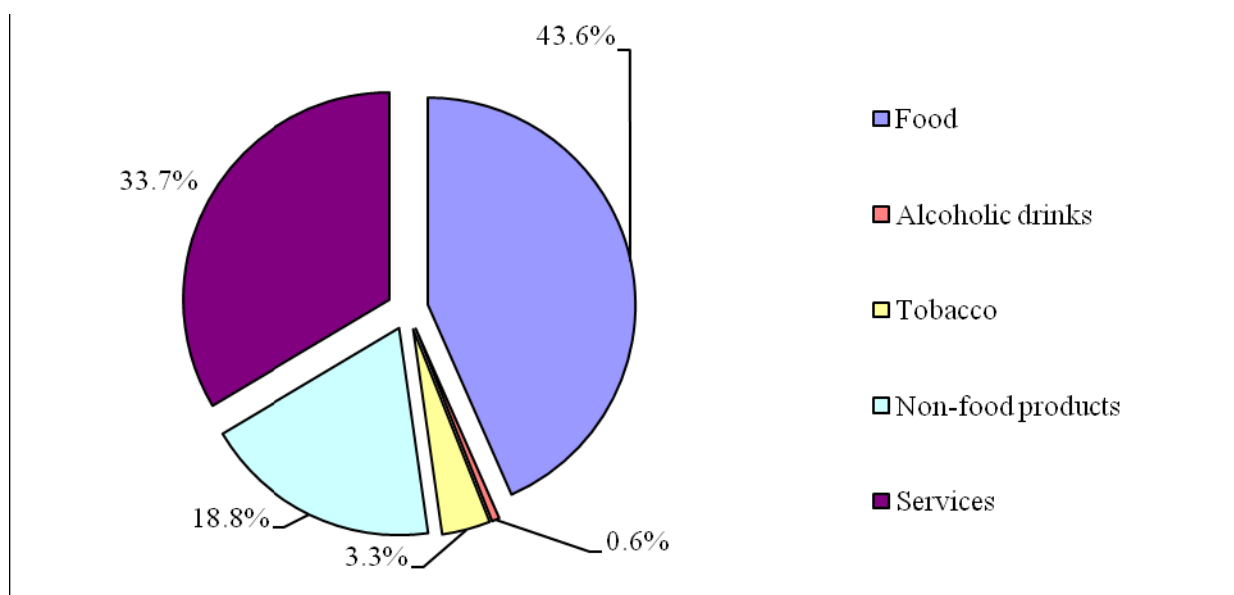
Services

- Housing and utilities (excluded phone)
- Culture, recreation, and sports
- Education, training, and preschool education
- Medicine and resort
- Transport and communications
- Other services

The structure of household consumption expenditures in 2015 is presented in Graph 6.3. Available data suggests that expenses on food at 43.6% comprise around half of consumption expenditures of the population. The share of this expenditure item in total consumption expenditures, as compared to 2004 (56.1%), demonstrated a decreasing trend (Table 6.5).

Graph 6.3 – Armenia: Structure of Household Consumption Expenditures in 2015
(Average Monthly per Capita Expenditures)

(percent)



Source: *ILCS 2015*

Changes in the structure of household consumption expenditures as per the 2004, 2008 and 2013-2015 survey results are presented in the table below.

Table 6.5 – Armenia: Structure of Household Nominal Consumption Expenditures, 2004, 2008 and 2013-2015

Expenditure items	Average monthly per capita expenditures									
	AMD					AMD				
	2004	2008	2013	2014	2015	2004	2008	2013	2014	2015
Consumption expenditure, including	19 251	28 878	36 787	40 770	42 867	100	100	100	100	100
Food; of which	10 797	14 984	17 622	18 635	18 705	56.1	51.9	47.9	45.7	43.6
Food consumed away from home	227	449	612	602	540	1.2	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.3
Alcoholic beverages	163	227	235	244	237	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6
Tobacco	808	1 019	1 289	1 404	1 414	4.2	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3
Non-food products	2 787	4 730	6 568	7 442	8 074	14.5	16.4	17.9	18.3	18.8
Services; including	4 696	7 918	11 073	13 045	14 437	24.4	27.4	30.1	32.0	33.7
Health care	1 500	1 035	1 407	1 035	2 659	7.8	3.6	3.8	2.5	6.2
Education	708	1 221	511	214	488	3.7	4.2	1.4	0.5	1.1
Utilities	1 146	2 635	4 501	5 518	5 689	6.0	9.1	12.2	13.5	13.3
Transport	694	967	1 138	1 493	1 441	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.7	3.4
Communications	291	1 404	2 068	2 342	2 393	1.5	4.9	5.6	5.7	5.6
Culture	3	3	20	8	101	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2
Legal services	3	16	525	1 072	376	0.0	0.1	1.4	2.6	0.9
Other services	351	637	903	1 363	1 290	1.8	2.2	2.5	3.3	3.0

Source: *ILCS 2004, 2008 and 2013-2015*

The share of expenses on food was still relatively large in total consumption expenditures of rural households compared to that of urban households. At the same time, the share of expenses on food in rural communities decreased from 62.5% in 2004 to 50.9% in 2015, whereas the share of expenses on services, particularly on communication, sharply increased. The share of expenses on non-food products in consumption expenditures was larger for rural population than that for urban population (21.1% and 17.8%, respectively). The share of expenses on utilities in total expenditures was larger for urban population than that for rural population (Table 6.6 and Graph 6.4).

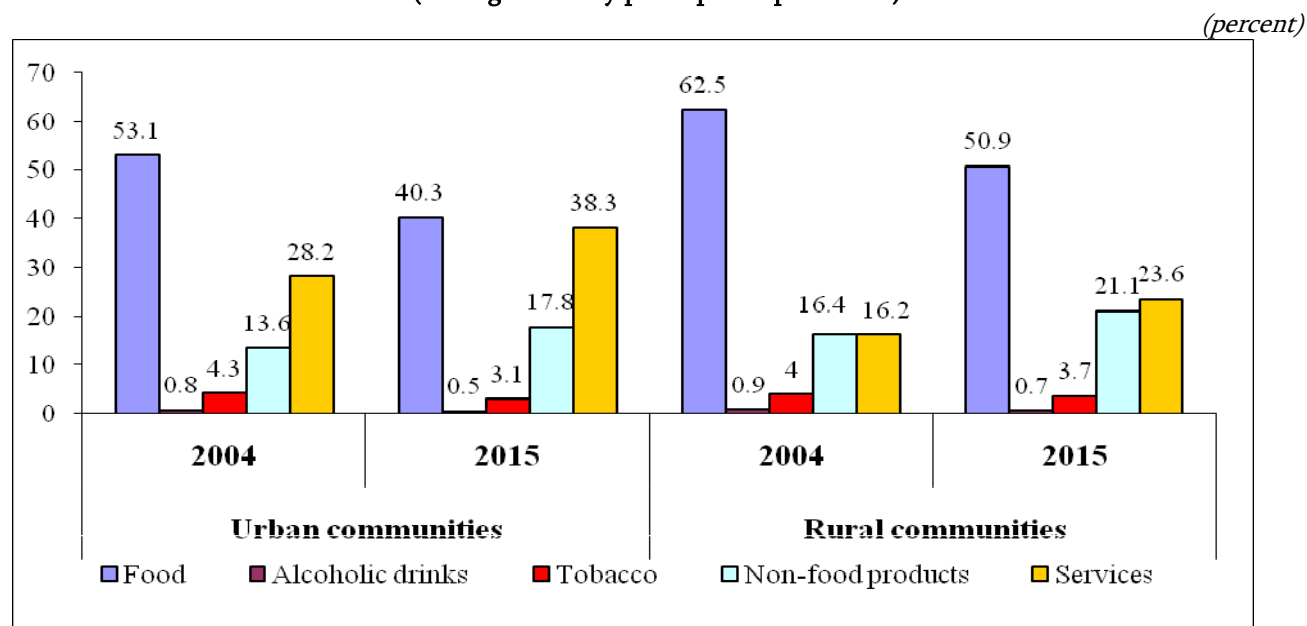
Table 6.6 – Armenia: Structure of Household Nominal Consumption Expenditures, by Urban and Rural Communities, 2004 and 2015

(Average Monthly per Capita Expenditures)

Expenditure items	Urban communities				Rural communities			
	AMD		Percent		AMD		Percent	
	2004	2015	2004	2015	2004	2015	2004	2015
Consumption expenditure; including	20933	47161	100	100	16458	35786	100	100
Food; of which	11109	19014	53.1	40.3	10281	18197	62.5	50.9
Food consumed away from home	321	801	1.5	1.7	72	111	0.4	0.3
Alcoholic beverages	173	222	0.8	0.5	146	263	0.9	0.7
Tobacco	894	1470	4.3	3.1	666	1320	4	3.7
Non-food products	2841	8394	13.6	17.8	2695	7546	16.4	21.1
Services; including	5916	18061	28.2	38.3	2670	8460	16.2	23.6
Health care	1794	3745	8.6	7.9	1012	868	6.1	2.4
Education	976	713	4.7	1.5	265	118	1.6	0.3
Utilities	1382	6856	6.6	14.5	755	3765	4.6	10.5
Transport	929	1778	4.4	3.8	303	886	1.8	2.5
Communication	421	2656	2	5.6	75	1959	0.5	5.5
Culture	4	163	0.0	0.3	0	0	0	0.0
Legal services	4	450	0	1.0	0	253	0	0.7
Other services	406	1700	1.9	4.2	260	611	1.6	1.7

Source: ILCS 2004 and 2015

Graph 6.4 – Armenia: Structure of Household Nominal Consumption Expenditures, by Urban and Rural Communities, 2004 and 2015
(Average Monthly per Capita Expenditures)



Source: ILCS 2004 and 2015

A more detailed breakdown of household consumption expenditures over the period of 2008-2015 by urban and rural communities is presented in Annex 3, Table A6.1.

6.2.2. Household Consumption Expenditures by COICOP Classifier

Consumption expenditures of households by COICOP classifier include:

1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages;
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco;
3. Clothing and footwear;
4. Housing services, water, electricity, gas and other types of fuel;
5. Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance;
6. Health;
7. Transport;
8. Communications;
9. Recreation and culture;
10. Education
11. Hotels, café and restaurants;
12. Miscellaneous goods and services.

Table 6.7 – Armenia: Structure of Household Nominal Consumption Expenditures, 2014-2015 (Average Monthly per Capita Expenditures, Grouped by Purpose¹⁾)

(AMD)

Expenditure items	Country total		Including			
			Urban communities		Rural communities	
	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015
Consumption expenditure; including	40 770	42867	44708	47161	33885	35786
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	18 034	18165	18 021	18213	18 055	18086
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	1 648	1651	1 707	1692	1 544	1583
Clothing and footwear	1 883	1797	1 885	1665	1 877	2014
Housing services, water, electricity, gas and other types of fuel	5 683	6053	6 731	7306	3 853	3988
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	1 225	1438	1 199	1368	1 271	1552
Health	2 666	4542	3 355	6020	1 461	2107
Transport	2 667	2888	3 115	3141	1 883	2471
Communications	2 319	2358	2 582	2604	1 859	1953
Recreation and culture	869	763	1 260	1071	186	256
Education	214	488	303	713	58	118
Hotels, café and restaurants	637	567	925	843	133	111
Other services	2 925	2156	3625	2525	1 705	1547

Source: *ILCS 2014 and 2015*

- 1) *Grouped under the national classifier of individual consumption by purpose, harmonized with the European Union's "Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose" (COICOP HBS).*

Table 6.8 – Armenia: Structure of Household Nominal Consumption Expenditures, 2014-2015 (Average Monthly per Capita Expenditures, Grouped by Purpose¹⁾)

(percent)

Expenditure items	Country total		Including			
			Urban communities		Rural communities	
	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015
Consumption expenditure; including	100	100	100	100	100	100
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	44.2	42.4	40.3	38.6	53.3	50.5
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.6	4.6	4.4
Clothing and footwear	4.6	4.2	4.2	3.5	5.5	5.6
Housing services, water, electricity, gas and other types of fuel	14.0	14.1	15.0	15.5	11.4	11.1
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	3.0	3.4	2.7	2.9	3.8	4.3
Health	6.5	10.6	7.5	12.7	4.3	6.0
Transport	6.5	6.7	7.0	6.7	5.5	7.0
Communications	5.7	5.5	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.5
Recreation and culture	2.1	1.8	2.8	2.3	0.5	0.7
Education	0.5	1.1	0.7	1.5	0.2	0.3
Hotels, café and restaurants	1.6	1.3	2.1	1.8	0.4	0.3
Other services	7.2	5.0	8.1	5.4	5.0	4.3

Source: *ILCS 2014 and 2015*

¹⁾ Grouped under the national classifier of individual consumption by purpose, harmonized with the European Union's "Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose" (COICOP HBS).

6.3. Assessment of Inequality in Income and Expenditure Distribution

Household expenditure indicators are more reliable as compared with income data, since respondents often do not report or underreport their income (due to the propensity to non-disclosure of income).

The ratio of "polar" quintiles is calculated to distinguish the population by income and expenditures; this is the ratio of income or expenditures of the best-off 20% population to that of the most vulnerable 20% population. According to that assessment, the ratio of monetary income of the best-off 20% and the most vulnerable 20% decreased in 2015 as compared to 2004, from 10.6 to 8.4 times, while the reduction in terms of consumption expenditures was from 5.8 to 5.6 times (Table 6.9). In 2015, the ratio of the "polar" quintiles by consumption expenditures of population was the same as the ones observed in 2007 and 2014.

Table 6.9 – Armenia: Ratio of Income and Expenditures of 20 Percent Wealthiest and 20 Percent Poorest Population, 2004 and 2008–2015

(times)

	2004	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
By monetary income	10.6	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.5	8.2	8.8	8.4
By consumption expenditures	5.8	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.6	5.6

Source: *ILCS 2004 and 2008-2015*

Table 6.10 – Armenia: Ratio of Income and Expenditures of 10 Percent Wealthiest and 10 Percent Poorest Population, 2004 and 2008–2015

(times)

	2004	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
By monetary income	20.8	14.1	14.5	14.2	14.8	15.9	15.0	16.6	16.4
By consumption expenditures	9.5	8.0	7.9	8.1	8.5	8.2	8.2	9.1	9.0

Source: *ILCS 2004 and 2008-2015*

The ratio of the “polar” deciles of population by income or expenditure (i.e. the ratio of income or expenditures of the best-off 10% population to that of the most vulnerable 10% population) is more distinct, than the quintile ratio. In 2015, this ratio constituted 9.0 times for consumption expenditures and 16.4 times for monetary income of population.

Analysis of the Gini coefficient, which is the main indicator of inequality in terms of the distribution of income and expenditure among population, is presented in Chapter 3 of this report. Table A6.2 of Annex 3 presents the change in the structure of average monthly per capita household consumption expenditures by decile groups over the period of 2004-2015.

As expected, for poor households the share of expenses on food in total consumption expenditures was larger than the country average. Over the reporting period of 2004-2015, expenses on services incurred by households within the first decile group almost doubled (Graph 6.5 and Table 6.11). Households in the tenth decile used more services and acquired more non-food products as compared to the households in the first decile.

Table 6.11 – Armenia: Structure of Household Consumption Expenditures, by Decile Groups, 2004 and 2008-2015 (Average Monthly per Capita Expenditures)

(percent)

Decile groups of consumption expenditures	Year	Consumption expenditures	Including				
			Food*	Alcoholic beverages	Tobacco	Non-food products	Services
I	2004	100	73.4	0.4	5.1	8.6	12.5
	2008	100	67.4	0.4	4.5	7.3	20.4
	2009	100	63.6	0.2	5.1	7.7	23.4
	2010	100	64.6	0.3	3.9	8.5	22.7
	2011	100	62.9	0.3	4.4	8.2	24.2
	2012	100	63.2	0.3	4.3	7.8	24.4
	2013	100	62.0	0.2	4.7	8.7	24.4
	2014	100	60.0	0.2	3.4	10.5	25.9
	2015	100	60.2	0.2	4.0	10.8	24.8

Decile groups of consumption expenditures	Year	Consumption expenditures	Including				
			Food*	Alcoholic beverages	Tobacco	Non-food products	Services
II	2004	100	71.4	0.4	4.7	10.2	13.3
	2008	100	66.3	0.4	4.0	8.2	21.1
	2009	100	63.1	0.3	4.1	9.2	23.3
	2010	100	63.5	0.3	4.2	9.3	22.7
	2011	100	62.9	0.4	4.6	9.1	23.0
	2012	100	60.0	0.3	4.1	11.6	25.0
	2013	100	59.3	0.3	4.4	11.7	24.3
	2014	100	57.4	0.3	4.5	13.1	24.7
	2015	100	57.9	0.3	4.7	12.3	24.8
III	2004	100	71.7	0.6	5.1	8.9	13.7
	2008	100	62.8	0.4	4.4	9.4	23.0
	2009	100	61.0	0.4	4.7	10.6	23.3
	2010	100	61.6	0.5	4.3	11.1	22.5
	2011	100	61.7	0.4	4.0	10.9	23.0
	2012	100	57.8	0.3	4.4	13.1	24.4
	2013	100	56.9	0.4	4.9	14.0	23.8
	2014	100	57.4	0.4	3.6	13.8	24.8
	2015	100	58.1	0.4	3.4	13.2	24.9
IV	2004	100	69.5	0.4	5.3	10.7	14.1
	2008	100	60.4	0.6	4.1	11.1	23.8
	2009	100	59.6	0.5	4.7	11.7	23.5
	2010	100	60.7	0.6	4.1	11.5	23.1
	2011	100	60.6	0.3	4.5	11.8	22.8
	2012	100	56.4	0.3	3.9	14.0	25.4
	2013	100	57.4	0.3	4.4	14.5	23.4
	2014	100	56.0	0.3	3.9	14.6	25.2
	2015	100	54.0	0.3	4.7	16.4	24.6
V	2004	100	66.6	0.6	5.2	11.5	16.1
	2008	100	57.5	0.6	4.7	12.2	25.0
	2009	100	58.2	0.6	5.0	12.1	24.1
	2010	100	59.2	0.6	4.1	12.0	24.1
	2011	100	58.6	0.4	4.3	12.0	24.7
	2012	100	54.6	0.4	4.1	15.1	25.8
	2013	100	54.7	0.4	4.1	16.9	23.9
	2014	100	53.0	0.3	4.2	16.0	26.5
	2015	100	52.6	0.3	4.1	17.1	25.9
VI	2004	100	64.1	0.7	4.9	12.5	17.8
	2008	100	57.1	0.5	3.9	13.5	25.0
	2009	100	55.1	0.7	4.5	12.9	26.8
	2010	100	57.4	0.6	4.4	13.7	23.9
	2011	100	59.7	0.5	3.6	13.5	22.7
	2012	100	53.6	0.5	3.6	17.8	24.5
	2013	100	52.6	0.4	4.5	17.2	25.3
	2014	100	51.9	0.5	4.0	17.6	26.0

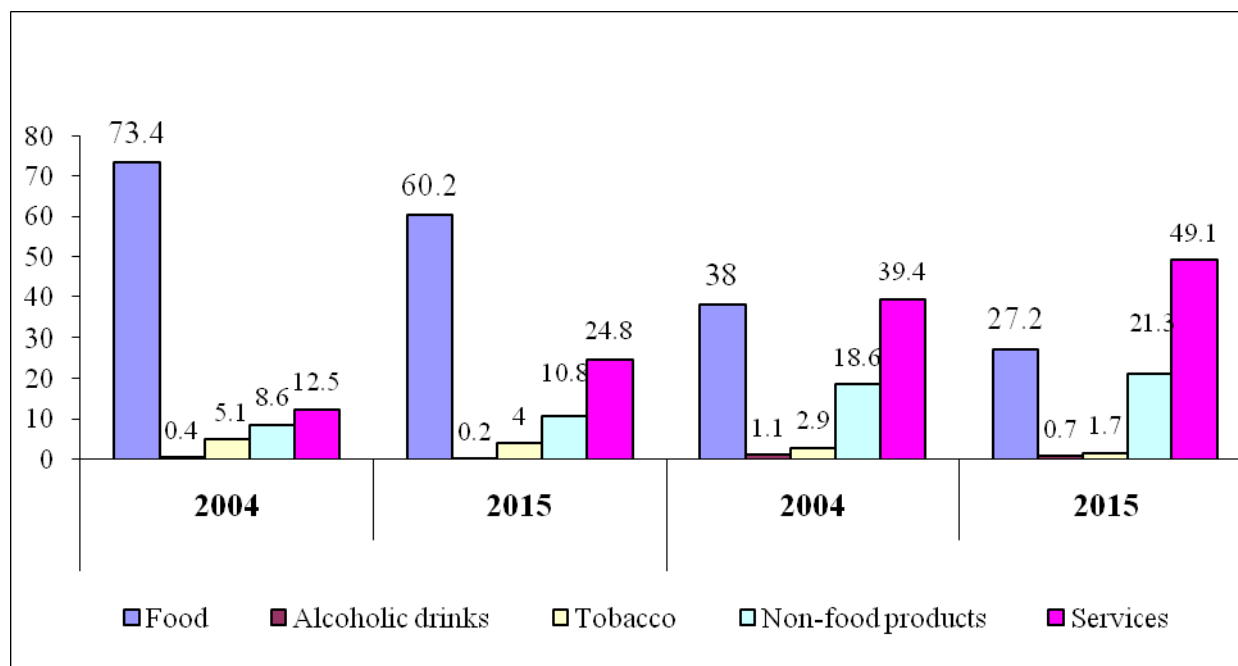
Decile groups of consumption expenditures	Year	Consumption expenditures	Including				
			Food*	Alcoholic beverages	Tobacco	Non-food products	Services
	2015	100	48.7	0.5	4.0	19.6	27.2
VII	2004	100	61.7	0.8	4.5	13.9	19.1
	2008	100	55.3	0.6	3.5	16.0	24.6
	2009	100	54.7	0.9	3.8	15.3	25.3
	2010	100	55.3	0.7	4.3	14.6	25.1
	2011	100	58.1	0.8	4.1	13.8	23.2
	2012	100	53.0	0.6	3.3	17.0	26.1
	2013	100	51.2	0.4	4.4	17.2	26.8
	2014	100	50.0	0.5	4.2	18.9	26.4
	2015	100	49.1	0.5	3.7	18.9	27.8
	VIII	2004	100	59.3	0.9	4.8	13.7
2008		100	52.5	0.9	3.9	16.6	26.1
2009		100	51.5	0.9	3.9	17.0	26.7
2010		100	54.8	0.9	3.7	15.8	24.8
2011		100	56.3	0.7	3.6	15.1	24.3
2012		100	51.0	0.8	3.9	17.3	27.0
2013		100	50.6	0.8	3.3	18.3	27.0
2014		100	48.3	0.6	3.6	19.3	28.2
2015		100	46.3	0.6	3.8	20.5	28.8
IX		2004	100	55.1	1.0	4.0	16.3
	2008	100	47.3	0.8	3.2	19.1	29.6
	2009	100	49.2	1.1	3.3	17.2	29.2
	2010	100	52.1	1.4	3.7	17.2	25.6
	2011	100	53.0	1.1	3.4	15.5	27.0
	2012	100	48.2	0.7	3.3	18.7	29.1
	2013	100	46.5	0.8	3.1	21.4	28.2
	2014	100	45.9	0.7	3.1	20.0	30.3
	2015	100	44.5	0.7	3.7	20.1	31.0
	X	2004	100	38.0	1.1	2.9	18.6
2008		100	40.1	1.2	2.6	22.6	33.5
2009		100	38.9	1.2	2.5	20.1	37.3
2010		100	38.3	1.4	2.3	20.1	37.9
2011		100	39.0	1.0	2.2	21.1	36.7
2012		100	36.2	1.1	2.5	22.3	37.9
2013		100	34.7	1.0	2.1	20.3	41.9
2014		100	30.7	0.9	2.5	20.6	45.3
2015		100	27.2	0.7	1.7	21.3	49.1

Source: ILCS 2004 and 2008-2015

Note: *Including consumption cost of own production food

Graph 6.5 – Armenia: Structure of Consumption Expenditures for Households of the First and the Tenth Decile Groups, 2004 and 2015 (Average Monthly per Capita Expenditures)

(percent)



Source: *ILCS 2004 and 2015*

Note: **Including consumption cost of own production food*

The differences in consumption are clearly demonstrated when expenditures on energycare are examined as to the distribution of consumption expenditures by decile groups. Hence, in 2015 the average monthly per capita spending on natural gas by the first decile group constituted AMD 819 and that by the tenth decile group – AMD 4.438; whereas the spending on electricity by these decile groups equaled AMD 1.151 and AMD 4.323, respectively.

6.4. Household Consumption

Food consumption is one of the indicators describing the living conditions of population. The term “consumed food” refers to food products purchased, produced in the own household, or received as donation during the reporting period.

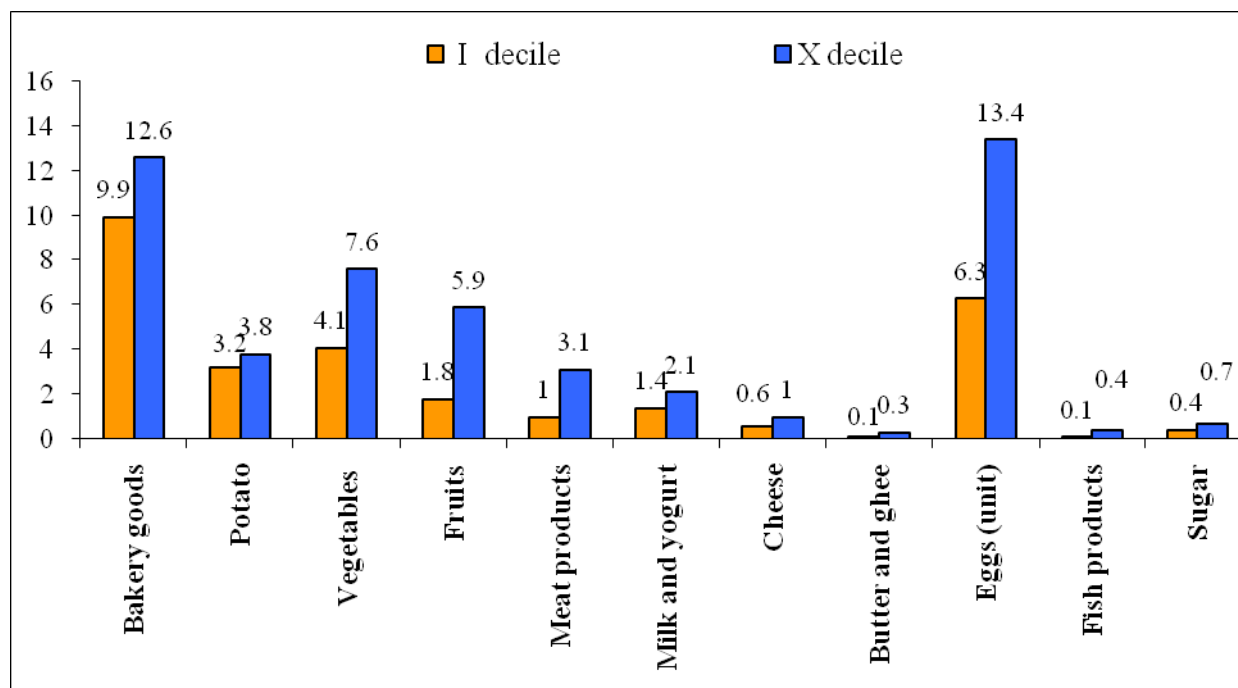
The consumption of food is grouped as follows:

- Bakery goods;
- Potato;
- Vegetables and vegetable crops;
- Fruit and berries (including dried fruit);
- Sugar;
- Meat and meat products;
- Fish products;
- Milk and yogurt;
- Eggs;

- Cheese;
- Butter and ghee;
- Vegetable and other oils.

The differences in consumption are clearly demonstrated when food consumption is examined as to the distribution of consumption expenditures by decile groups. Thus, in 2015 monthly per capita consumption of the tenth decile, as compared to that of the first decile, was higher 3.3 times for fruits, 3 times for meat products and butter, 2.1 times for eggs, 1.9 times for vegetables and vegetable crops, 1.7 times for cheese, and 1.5 times higher for milk and yogurt (Graph 6.6). It should be noted that the comparison of the first and the tenth deciles as of 2004 and 2015 revealed insignificant positive dynamics in terms of consumption of the following food categories –meat and meat products, cheese and eggs.

Graph 6.6 – Armenia: Consumption of Basic Food Products, by Consumption Expenditures of the First and the Tenth Decile Groups, 2015 (Average Monthly per Capita, Kilogram)



Source: *ILCS 2015*

The average monthly consumption of basic food products for 2004 and 2008-2015 by decile groups of consumption expenditures (on household per capita basis) is presented in Table 6.12.

Table 6.12 – Armenia: Consumption of Basic Food Products, by Decile Groups of Consumption Expenditures, 2004 and 2008-2015 (Average Monthly per Capita, Kilogram)

2004	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	12.8	12.5	12.2	12.9	12.7	12.9	12.4	13.2	13.8	13.1	12.8
Potato	4.0	3.91	3.73	3.93	3.86	4.10	3.94	4.27	4.38	4.30	4.32
Vegetables and vegetable crops	5.3	3.7	4.3	4.8	5.1	5.7	5.4	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.3
Fruits and berries, including dried fruit	2.7	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.2	3.4	3.8	4.2
Meat and meat products	1.4	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.6
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.9	1.3	1.6	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.1	1.9
Cheese	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Butter and ghee	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7
Eggs (piece)	8.5	5.2	6.4	7.8	8.2	8.8	8.7	9.7	10.9	10.9	11.7
Fish products	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Sugar	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

2008	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	12.7	11.5	11.8	12.2	12.5	13.2	13.5	13.4	13.1	12.9	13.0
Potato	3.9	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2
Vegetables and vegetable crops	6.3	5.2	5.4	5.9	5.9	6.1	7.0	7.0	6.6	6.5	7.1
Fruits and berries, including dried fruit	3.9	2.0	2.5	2.7	3.4	3.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1
Meat and meat products	2	1	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.5
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9
Cheese	1.06	1.20	1.34	1.16	1.04	1.00	1.01	.97	.93	.94	1.01
Butter and ghee	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Eggs (piece)	10.1	5.9	7.8	8.5	9.0	10.5	10.6	11.5	11.5	12.7	13.2
Fish products	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Sugar	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6

2009	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	12.3	11.9	12.0	12.2	12.0	12.1	12.0	12.4	12.4	12.8	12.6
Potato	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.0
Vegetables and vegetable crops	6.1	4.3	4.8	5.2	5.9	6.4	6.1	6.6	6.9	7.0	7.4
Fruits and berries, including dried fruit	4.5	2.5	2.8	3.7	3.8	4.3	4.4	5.2	5.7	5.9	6.9
Meat and meat products	2.0	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.9	3.4
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.7	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9
Cheese	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2
Butter and ghee	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Eggs (piece)	10.5	6.9	8.4	9.2	9.5	10.4	10.6	11.3	12.2	13.1	13.5
Fish products	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Sugar	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6

2010	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	11.9	11.5	11.3	11.5	11.8	11.7	12.5	11.7	12.2	12.4	12.2
Potato	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.2
Vegetables and vegetable crops	5.7	3.8	4.7	5.0	5.4	5.9	6.1	6.0	6.6	6.7	7.0
Fruits and berries, including dried fruit	4.3	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.7	3.9	4.4	4.7	5.1	5.9	7.4
Meat and meat products	1.8	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.6	3.1
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0
Cheese	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0
Butter and ghee	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5
Eggs (piece)	11.1	7.2	9.1	9.9	10.9	11.2	12.0	11.6	12.6	12.9	13.2
Fish products	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Sugar	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6

2011	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	12.2	11.1	11.2	11.4	11.7	12.0	12.7	13.0	13.2	13.1	12.6
Potato	3.6	2.8	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.3
Vegetables and vegetable crops	6.5	4.3	5.0	5.6	6.2	6.2	7.2	7.3	7.6	7.9	7.9
Fruits and berries, including dried fruit	4.0	1.9	2.5	2.8	3.4	3.5	4.1	4.7	5.1	5.5	6.8
Meat and meat products	1.8	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.9
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.7	1.0	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0
Cheese	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
Butter and ghee	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Eggs (piece)	11.2	7.4	8.3	9.3	10.3	10.6	12.0	13.0	13.5	13.6	14.6
Fish products	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Sugar	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6

2012	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	12.2	10.6	10.7	10.8	11.4	11.8	12.3	12.9	13.1	13.7	14.5
Potato	3.6	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.1
Vegetables and vegetable crops	6.6	4.3	5.2	5.6	6.4	6.3	6.9	7.9	7.3	7.9	8.7
Fruits and berries, including dried fruit	4.2	1.4	2.4	2.5	3.1	3.8	4.5	5.2	5.3	6.1	7.7
Meat and meat products	1.9	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.6	3.3
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.5	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0
Cheese	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1
Butter and ghee	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Eggs (piece)	10.8	7.1	8.1	9.2	10.2	10.5	11.3	11.7	12.8	13.0	14.5
Fish products	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Sugar	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4

2013	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	11.8	10.9	10.5	10.8	11.3	11.6	11.7	12.2	12.5	13.0	13.7
Potato	3.5	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1
Vegetables and vegetable crops	6.6	4.0	4.9	5.3	6.3	6.3	7.0	7.4	7.7	8.0	8.8
Fruits and berries, including dried fruit	3.9	1.2	2.0	2.5	2.8	3.5	3.9	4.9	5.2	5.9	6.9
Meat and meat products	1.9	0.8	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	3.3

2013	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.5	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8
Cheese	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0
Butter and ghee	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Eggs (piece)	10.4	6.3	8.0	8.7	9.6	10.2	10.7	11.5	12.1	13.4	13.7
Fish products	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Sugar	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5

2014	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	11.3	9.8	10.5	10.6	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.8	12.1	12.1	12.3
Potato	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.4
Vegetables and vegetable crops	6.4	4.3	4.8	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.7	7.3	8.0	4.5	7.7
Fruits and berries. including dried fruit	3.8	1.3	1.9	2.6	3.2	3.9	4.0	4.8	5.0	5.5	6.2
Meat and meat products	1.9	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.6	3.2
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.7	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.0
Cheese	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0
Butter and ghee	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Eggs (piece)	10.9	6.1	8.6	9.6	11.0	11.0	11.6	12.3	12.4	13.2	13.1
Fish products	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Sugar	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6

2015	Total	Decile groups of consumption expenditures									
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VII	IX	X
Bakery goods	11.4	9.9	10.2	10.6	11.0	11.5	11.5	11.9	12.4	12.4	12.6
Potato	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.8
Vegetables and vegetable crops	6.6	4.1	5.1	5.6	6.2	6.5	7.2	7.9	8.0	8.2	7.6
Fruits and berries. including dried fruit	3.9	1.8	2.6	3.0	3.1	3.7	4.3	4.5	5.0	5.2	5.9
Meat and meat products	1.9	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.6	3.1
Milk and yoghurt (liter)	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.1
Cheese	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Butter and ghee	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Eggs (piece)	10.5	6.3	8.7	9.1	10.0	10.5	10.7	12.0	12.2	12.3	13.4
Fish products	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4
Sugar	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Vegetable and other oils (liter)	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6

Source: *ILCS 2004 and 2008-2015*

Table 6.13 – Armenia: Caloric Value of Consumed Food, 2013-2015 (per Day, per Capita)

	Median, kcal			Average, kcal		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Country average	1 915	1 963	1963	2 090	2 043	2058
Quintile groups						
Quintile 1	1 416	1 444	1480	1 386	1 399	1439
Quintile 2	1 793	1 805	1837	1 798	1 802	1833
Quintile 3	2 151	2 100	2102	2 153	2 101	2110
Quintile 4	2 609	2 443	2466	2 638	2 451	2471
Quintile 5	3 515	3 072	3078	3 791	3 196	3220
Community type						
Urban	1 883	1 929	1944	2 066	2 012	2041
Rural	1 961	2 001	1995	2 132	2 095	2086

Source: *ILCS 2013-2015*